

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
Surname										
Other Names										
Candidate Signature										



General Certificate of Education
Advanced Subsidiary Examination
June 2010

Mathematics

MM1B

Unit Mechanics 1B

Wednesday 9 June 2010 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:

- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed

- 1 hour 30 minutes

- Instructions**
- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
 - Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
 - Answer **all** questions.
 - Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
 - You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page.
 - Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
 - Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.
 - The **final** answer to questions requiring the use of calculators should be given to three significant figures, unless stated otherwise.
 - Take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$, unless stated otherwise.

- Information**
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
 - The maximum mark for this paper is 75.
 - Unit Mechanics 1B has a **written paper only**.

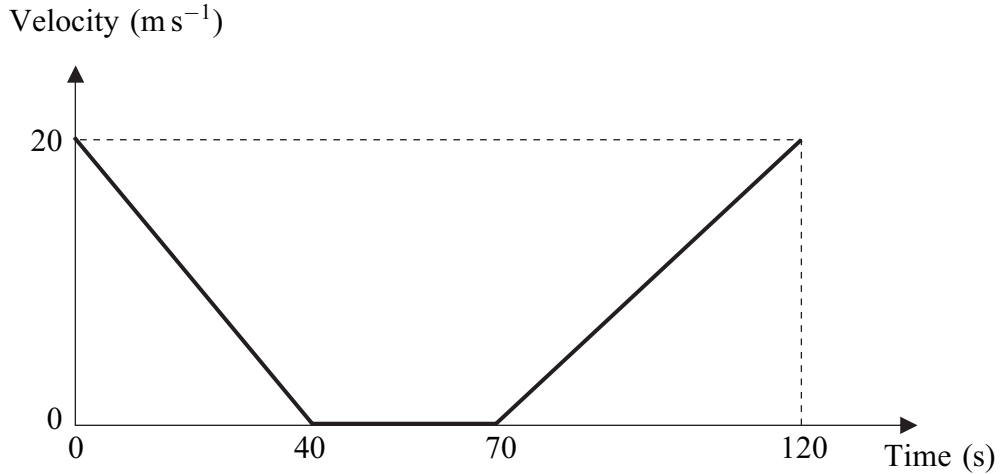
- Advice**
- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
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4	
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7	
8	
TOTAL	



Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

- 1** A bus slows down as it approaches a bus stop. It stops at the bus stop and remains at rest for a short time as the passengers get on. It then accelerates away from the bus stop. The graph shows how the velocity of the bus varies.



Assume that the bus travels in a straight line during the motion described by the graph.

- (a) State the length of time for which the bus is at rest. (1 mark)
- (b) Find the distance travelled by the bus in the first 40 seconds. (2 marks)
- (c) Find the total distance travelled by the bus in the 120-second period. (2 marks)
- (d) Find the average speed of the bus in the 120-second period. (2 marks)
- (e) If the bus had not stopped but had travelled at a constant 20 m s^{-1} for the 120-second period, how much further would it have travelled? (2 marks)

QUESTION
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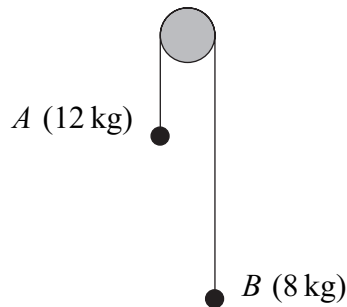
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6 Two particles, A and B , have masses 12 kg and 8 kg respectively. They are connected by a light inextensible string that passes over a smooth fixed peg, as shown in the diagram.



The particles are released from rest and move vertically. Assume that there is no air resistance.

- (a) By forming two equations of motion, show that the magnitude of the acceleration of each particle is 1.96 m s^{-2} . (5 marks)
- (b) Find the tension in the string. (2 marks)
- (c) After the particles have been moving for 2 seconds, both particles are at a height of 4 metres above a horizontal surface. When the particles are in this position, the string breaks.
 - (i) Find the speed of particle A when the string breaks. (2 marks)
 - (ii) Find the speed of particle A when it hits the surface. (3 marks)
 - (iii) Find the time that it takes for particle B to reach the surface after the string breaks. Assume that particle B does not hit the peg. (5 marks)

QUESTION
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